GREAT LAKES TO GULF

VIRTUAL OBSERVATORY

INTERPRETIVE OUTLINE



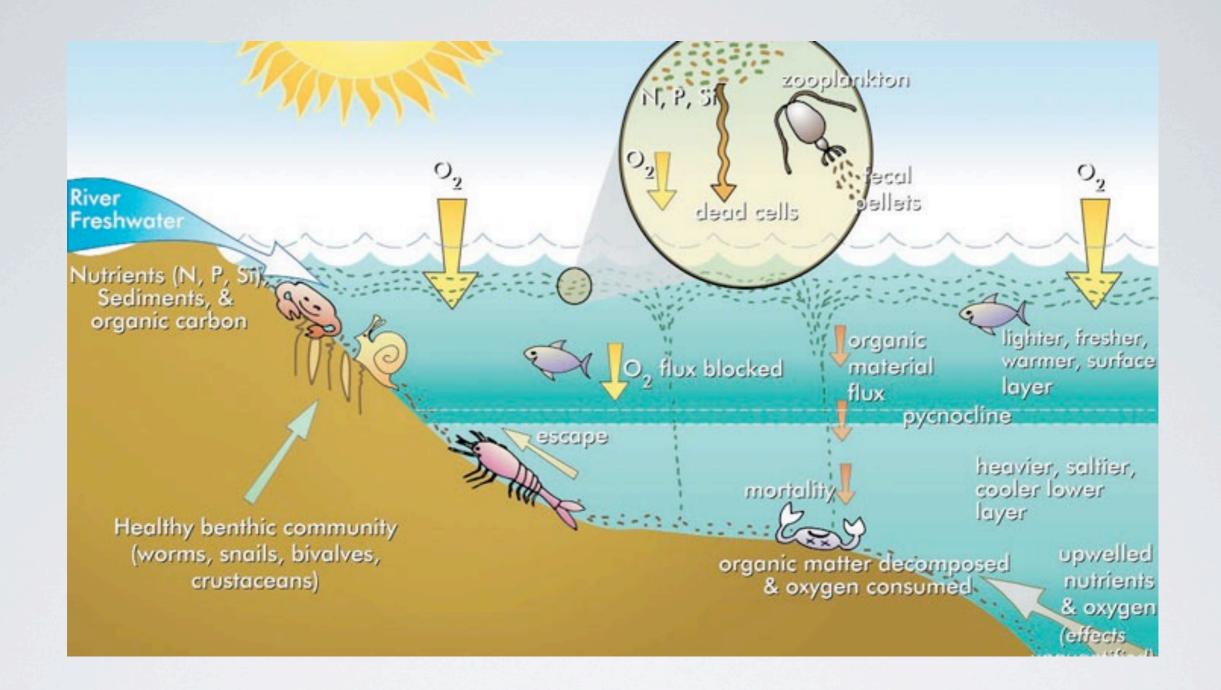
THE RIVER

Flowing from the Great Lakes to the Gulf of Mexico, the Mississippi River is relied on for its environmental, ecological and economic benefits.



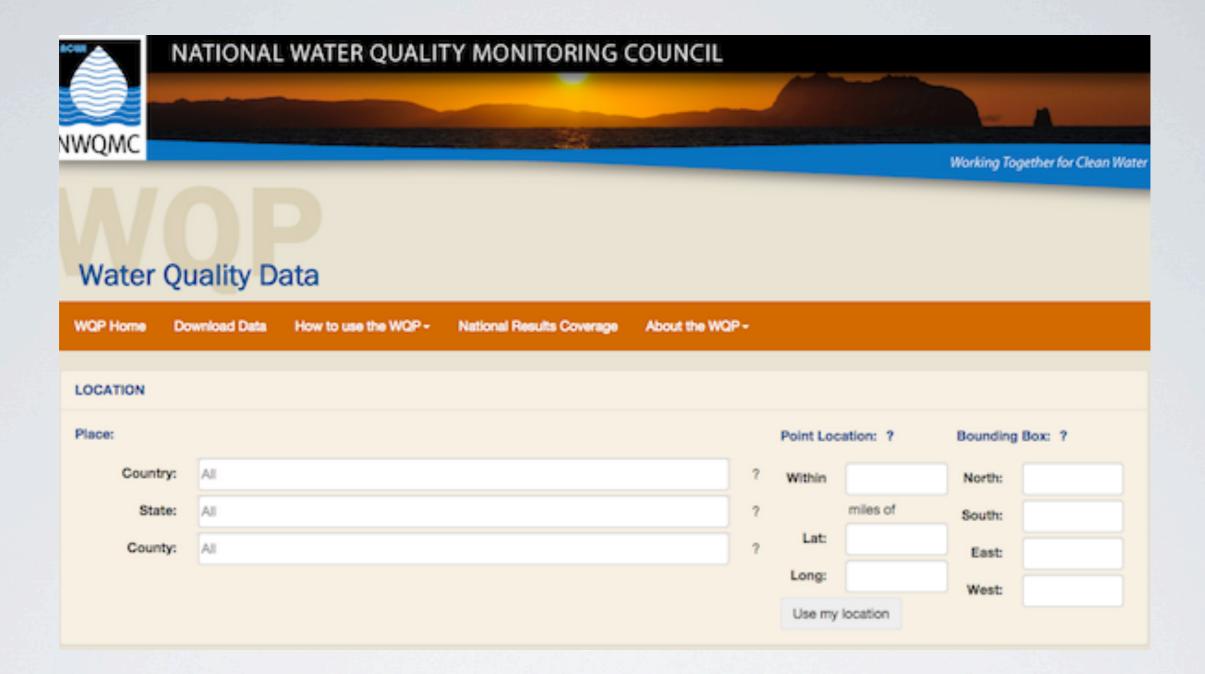
THE WATERSHED

92% of the nation's agricultural exports are produced in the basin and moved through the river's 9 foot navigation channel.



THE CHALLENGES

Multiple functions, from agriculture to transportation, served by the river combine to help degrade the water quality.



WATER QUALITY MONITORING

Multiple state and federal agencies conduct regular water quality monitoring and data collection. The data is made available to the public through multiple databases and websites.



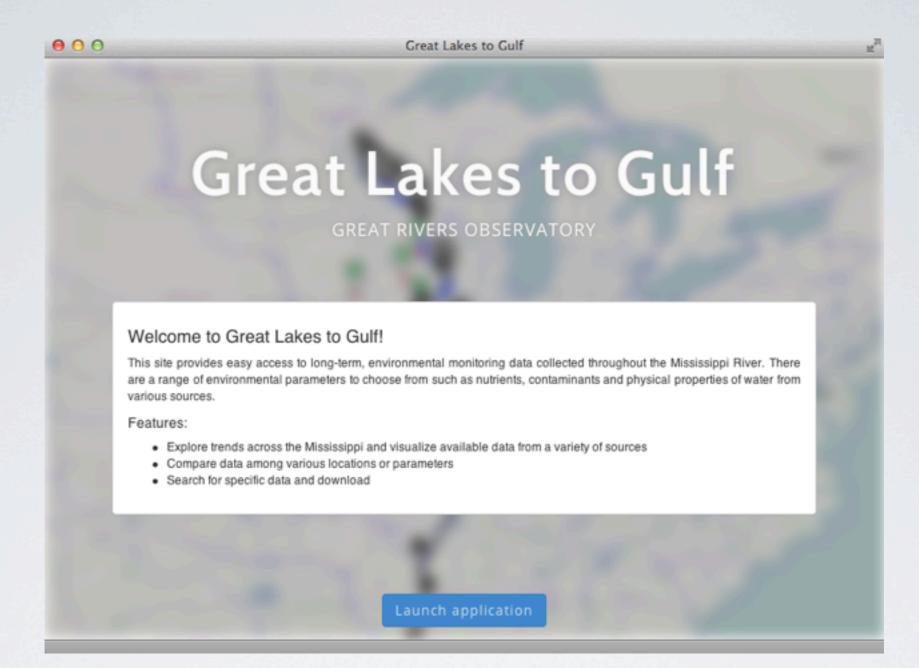
THE RESPONSE

Identifying a need to consolidate the available data, the National Great Rivers Research and Education Center partnered with the University of Illinois' National Center for Supercomputing Applications and Illinois-Indiana Sea Grant to develop the Great Lakes to Gulf Virtual Observatory.



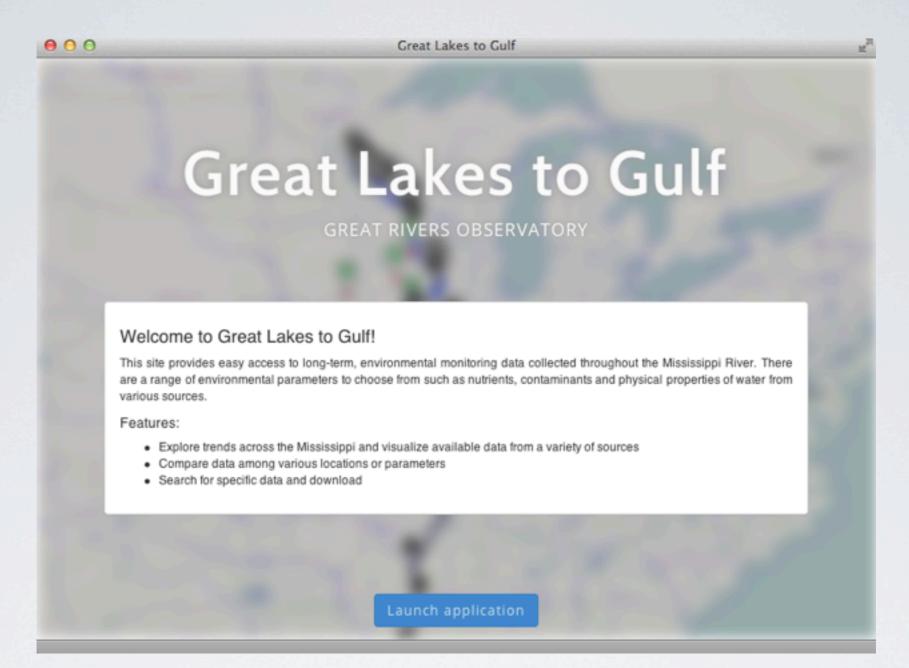
THE MISSION

The GLTG Virtual Observatory's mission is to assist our understanding of large river ecology and facilitate decision making through an interactive geospatial application that integrates and synthesizes relevant data from respected sources.



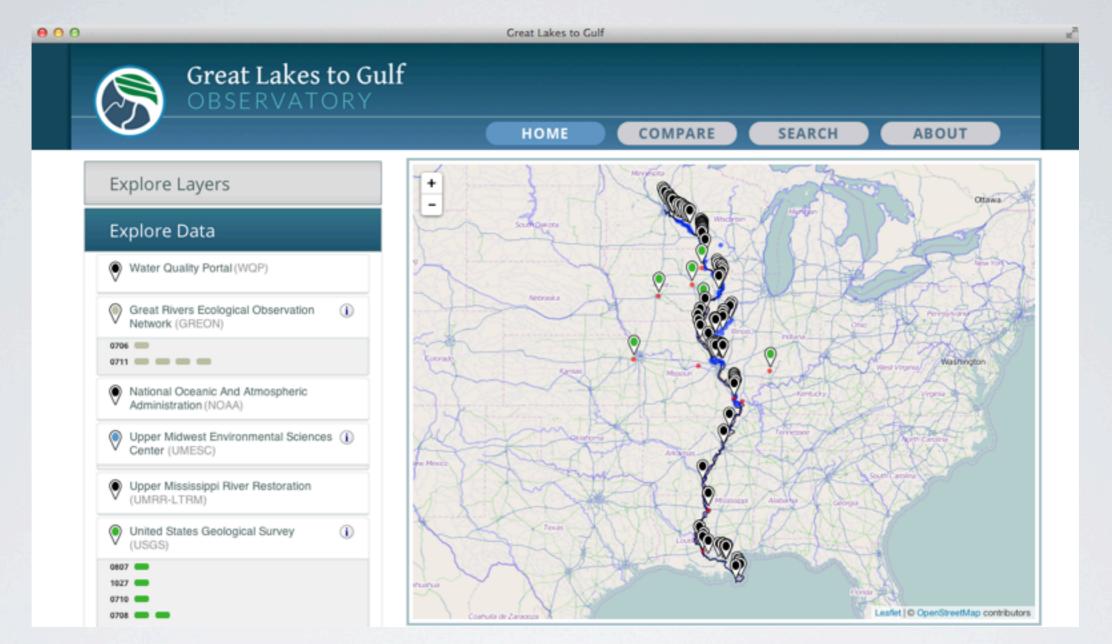
THE OBSERVATORY

Powered by the NCSA's Geodashboard, the Observatory provides access to environmental monitoring data collected throughout the Mississippi River Watershed.



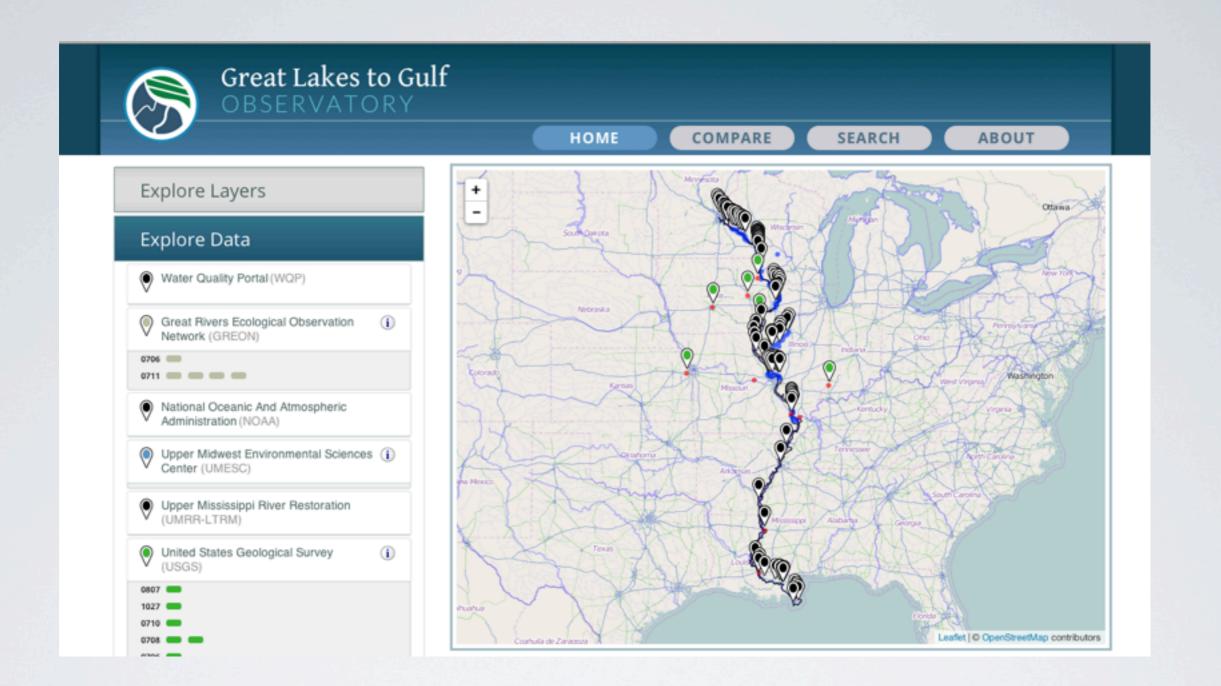
THE OBSERVATORY

The GLTG application provides a new resource for stakeholders to inform their research and decisions on how the functions of the river are managed and sustained.

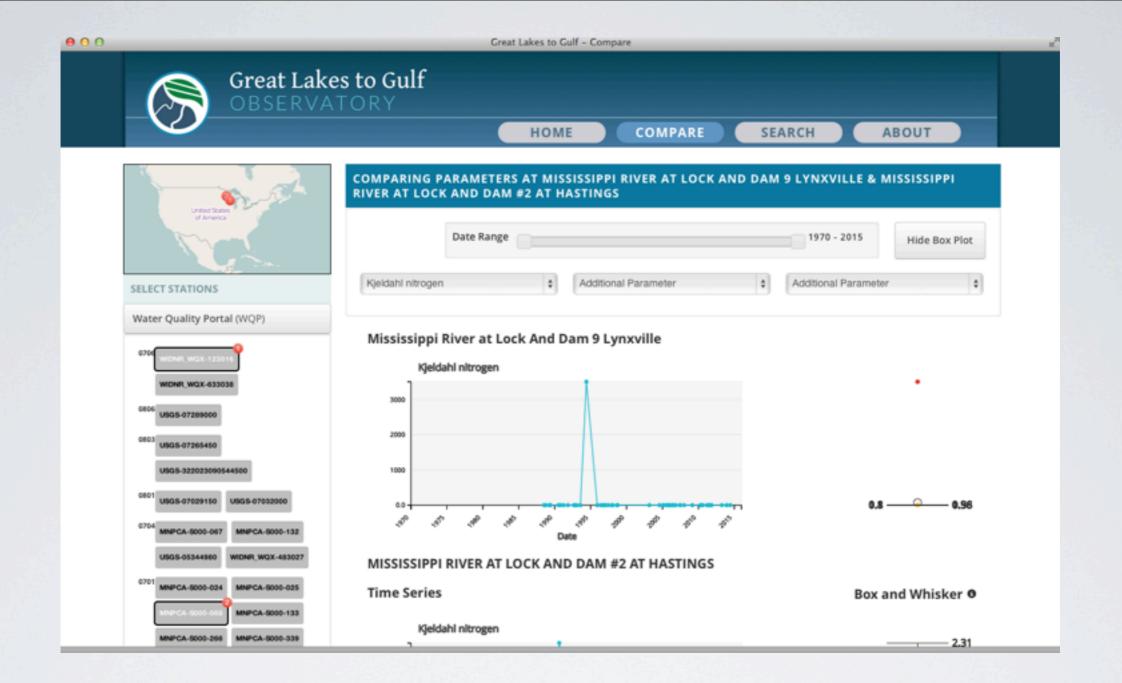


HOME

On the Home page, users have access to all of the Observatory's available data points. The available data is organized by data source and hydrologic unit code or HUC, a 2-12 digit code assigned to watersheds.

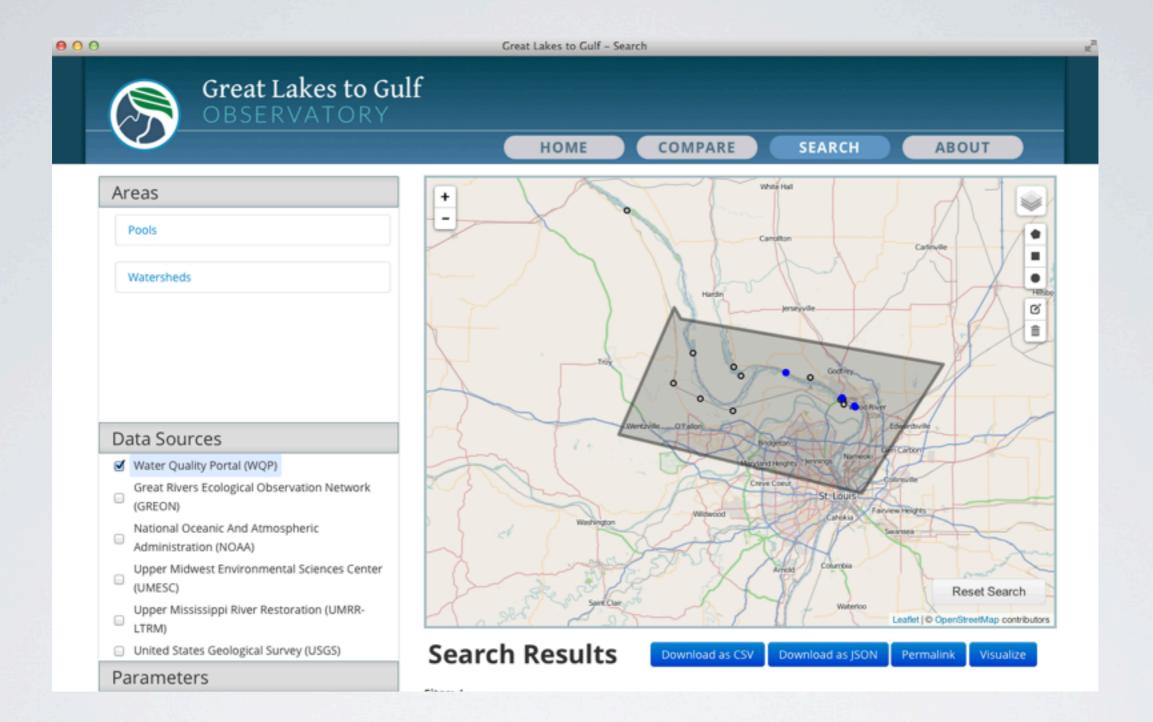


The application uses a combination of data sources including long-term data sets, which provides users with a more comprehensive picture of water quality in the watershed than a single data source typically can.



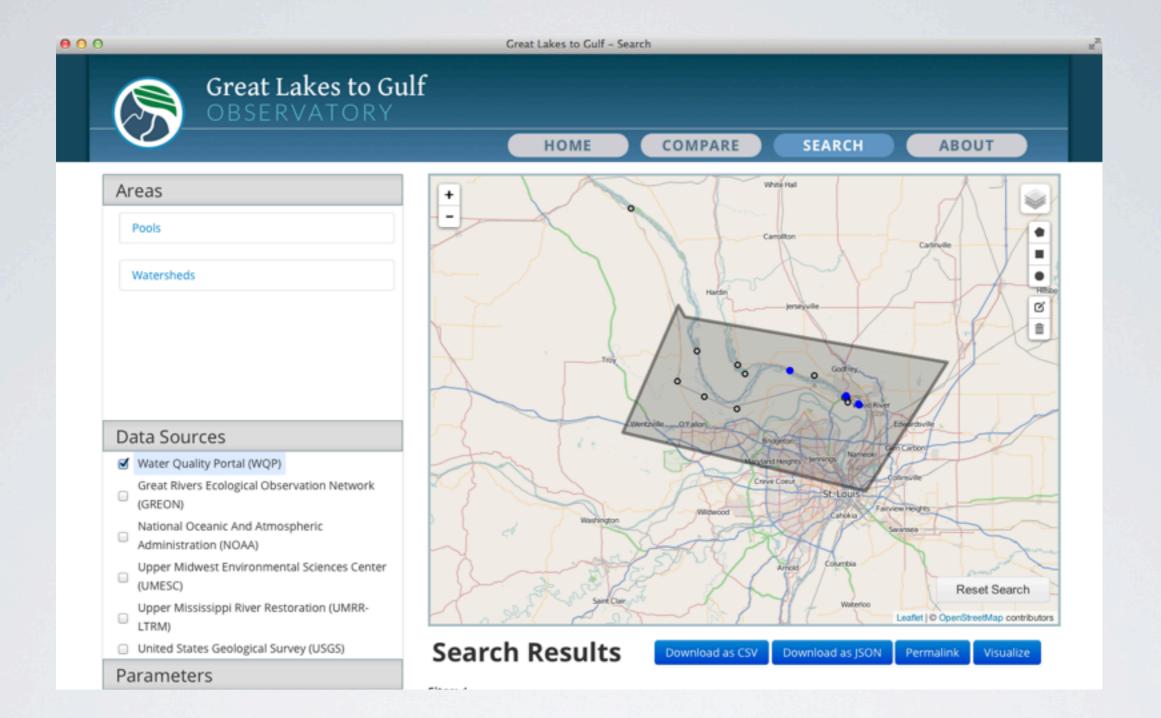
COMPARE

The Compare page allows the user to select multiple sites and compare up to three specific parameters over a selected time period.



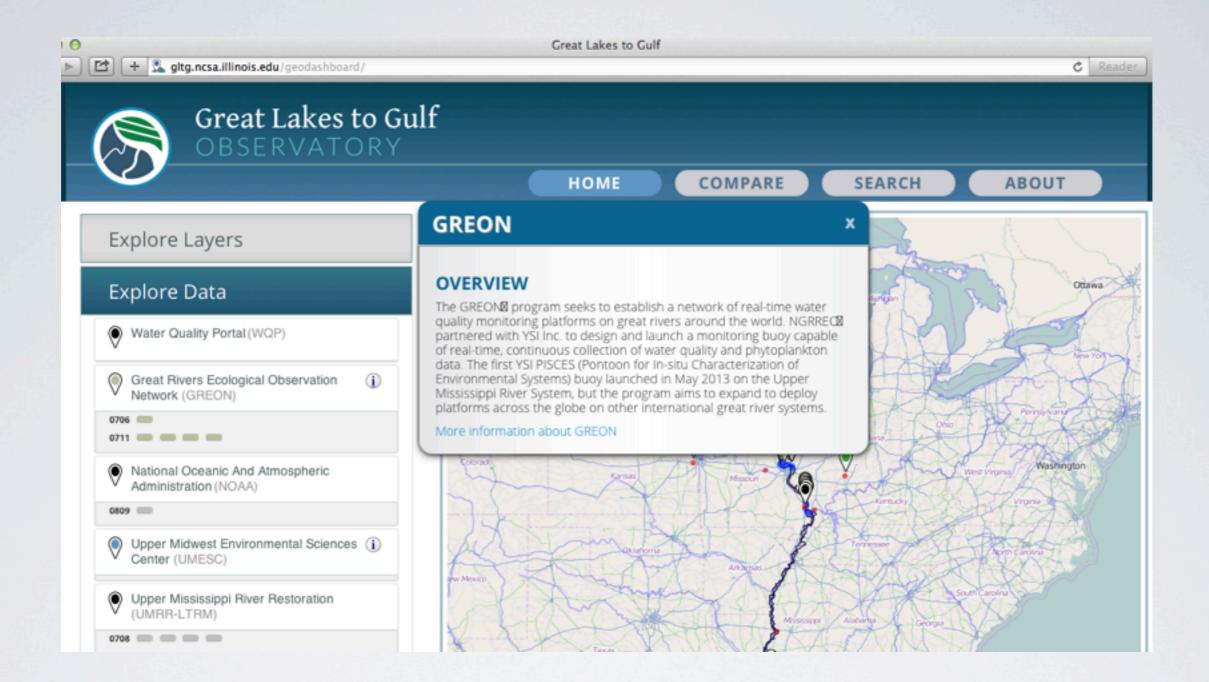
SEARCH

On the search page users are able to create unique data sets for the specific sites, sources, and parameters that interest them.



SEARCH

Users can then download their selected data sets in common file formats like CSV and JSON.



ADDITIONAL FEATURES

The site also includes information windows and a glossary that provide definitions for acronyms, data sources and key terms.



THE FUTURE

After launching with a focus on nutrients and water quality, the Observatory will expand to include additional types of environmental monitoring data in the future.